AC.4411(3)

WIVENHOE URBAN

DISTRICT COUNCIL

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE AND TROPICAL MEDICINE
LIBRARY
21 MAR 1969

# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and

SURVEYOR and PUBLIC HEALTH

INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR

# 1967

Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2018 with funding from
Wellcome Library

https://archive.org/details/b30288502

Lexden Grange,
Lexden Road,
Colchester.

Mr. Chairman, Lady and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report on the Health and Vital Statistics of the District for the year 1967.

I have to thank the members of the Council and the Council's staff for their assistance during the year.

I have the honour to be,
Your Obedient Servant,

S. MACMILLAN

Medical Officer of Health

## STAFF

Medical Officer of Health SYLVIA MACMILLAN, M.R.C.S.; I.R.C.P.;M.B.B.S.; D.P.H. Appointed 1st April,1966.(Time shared with two neighbouring Authorities,and the County Council).

Public Health Inspector and Surveyor, D.F. SWEETING, M.A.P.H.I.; M.R.S.H.

Assistant to the Public Health Inspector and Surveyor, M.C. WALKER, A.R.S.H.; M.R.P.A.

## COMMITTEES CONCERNED WITH PUBLIC HEALTH

Public Health Committee - Chaurman Councillor E.E.J.Westlake.

Highways & Waterworks Committee - Chairman Councillor W.Sparrow.

Housing Committee - Chairman Councillor T.M. Endean.

Finance & General Purposes Committee - Chairman Councillor W.J.Cracknell.

Chairman of the Council - Councillor L.W.Kemble.

Clerk to the Council - W.Trickett A.C.C.S.

## STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Area(acres).. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. | | 1,493 |
| Register General's estimate of resident population .. | 1966 | 4,020 |
| | 1967 | 4,140 |
| Number of inhabited houses (end of 1966) according to Rate Book.. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. | | 1,449 |
| Rateable Value .. .. .. .. .. .. .. | | £97,767 |
| Sum represented by a penny rate .. .. .. .. .. | | £466 |

The district is situated on the east bank of the river Colne where its waters are tidal. It is abour four miles down the river from Colchester,and it is also on the main line from London to Clacton-on-Sea. Local industries are shipbuilding,general engineering,agriculture and clothing manufacture. It is also a small yachting and fishing centre. Half the working population find their employment outside the district.

# EXTRACTS FROM THE VITAL STATISTICS OF THE YEAR

| | | M | F | TOTAL |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LIVE BIRTHS | all | 41 | 50 | 91 |
| | Legitimate | 41 | 50 | 91 |
| | Illegitimate | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Illegitimate live births as % if total live births 0

| | |
|---|---|
| Birth rate per1,000 estimated resident population | 22.0 |
| Comparability factor .. .. .. .. .. .. | 1.01 |
| Corrected rate .. .. .. .. .. .. | 22.2 |
| England and Wales .. .. .. .. .. .. | 17.2 |

| | M | F | TOTAL |
|---|---|---|---|
| STILL BIRTHS .. .. .. .. .. .. .. | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Still birth rate per 1,000 total (live and still) babies 0

Total births .. ..(live and still births) 91

INFANTS DEATHS

| | |
|---|---|
| Under 1 year all .. .. .. .. .. .. | 2 |
| Under 4 weeks all .. .. .. .. .. .. | 1 |
| In first week all .. .. .. .. .. .. | 1 |
| Infant mortality rat per 1,000 live births .. | 22 |
| Legitimate infants deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births | 22 |
| Infant mortality England and Wales .. .. .. | 18.3 |

| | |
|---|---|
| Neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births .. | 10.9 |
| Neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births (England & Wales) | 12.5 |
| Early neonatal mortality rate (first week) per 1,000 related births .. .. .. .. .. .. | 10.9 |
| Early neonatal mortality rate (first week) per 1,000 related births England and Wales .. .. .. | 10.8 |
| Perinatal mortality rate (still-births plus deaths during first week per 1,000 total live and still-births) England and Wales 25.4 | 11 |
| Maternal deaths .. .. .. .. .. .. | 0 |
| Maternal mortality rate .. .. .. .. .. | 0 |

Total deaths M - 20 F - 20 TOTAL - 40

| | |
|---|---|
| Death rate per 1,000 of the estimated population | 9.7 |
| Comparability factor .. .. .. .. .. .. | 1.13 |
| Corrected death rate .. .. .. .. .. .. | 11 |
| England and Wales .. .. .. .. .. .. | 11.2 |

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE AND TROPICAL MEDICINE LIBRARY 21 MAR 1969

Deaths in various age groups (local statistics).

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Under 4 weeks | 1 | | |
| 4 weeks - 1 year | 1 | 35 - 45 years | 0 |
| 1 - 5 years | 0 | 45 - 55 years | 0 |
| 5 - 15 years | 0 | 55 - 65 years | 4 |
| 15 - 25 years | 0 | 65 - 75 years | 10 |
| 25 - 35 years | 0 | 75 and over | 24 |

Causes of Death

| | M | F | TOTAL |
|---|---|---|---|
| Maligant neoplasm, Stomach | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Maligant neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| Maligant neoplasm, Breast | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Other Maligant and Lumphatic Neoplasm | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Vascular Leisons of Nervous System | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| Coronary Disease, Angina | 6 | 5 | 11 |
| Other Heart Disease | 3 | 5 | 8 |
| Pneumonia | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Bronchitis | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Congenital Malformations | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Other defined or ill defined diseases | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| TOTAL ALL CAUSES | 20 | 20 | 40 |

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACTS 1948/51

No action under this Act was necessary.

## GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

### Laboratory Facilities

Pathological specimens are sent to the laboratory at the Essex County Hospital,Colchester.

Samples of water are sent to the Public Health Laboratory,Woodbridge Road, Ipswich,when a bacteriological analysis is required,and to the counties Public Health Laboratory,66 Victoria Street,London,SW.1., when a chemical or complete analysis is required.

Samples of food and ice cream etc., are examined at the Public Health Laboratory,Ipswich.

### Ambulance Facilities

Non-emergency calls are not accepted from the general public.

To obtain an ambulance in an emergency it is merely necessary to lift the receiver and ask for an ambulance.

If there is a dialling system in operation,dial "999" "0" or "01" and ask for ambulance.

## HEALTH SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE COUNTY COUNCIL

Ante-Natal and post-natal clinics.
Maternity and child welfare services.
Nursing in the home.
Mental Welfare.
Vaccination and immunisation against tetanus,diptheria and whooping cough, and measles.
Provision of nursing equipment and apparatus.
School Health Service.

Ante-Natal and post-natal clinics are held at the Central Health Services Clinic,East Lodge Court,High Street,Colchester at 2.30pm on Tuesdays.

Infant Welfare Clinics and Relaxation Classes are held at the Wivenhoe Public Hall,on first and third Tuesday at 1.45p.m.

Family Planning Clinics is provided under the auspices of the Family Planning Association at the Health Services Clinic,Culver Street on Mondays and Tuesdays from 6.00 p.m. - 7.30 p.m.

Womans Welfare Clinic held at East Lodge Court at 10 a.m. 1st and 3rd Thursdays each month.

Assistance from the Home Help Service is obtained by communicating with the Area Organiser,East Lodge Court,High Street,Colchester. Telephone Colchester 79411/9.

## REPORT OF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

1. Mains Water Supply. The Tendring Hundred Waterworks Co. continued as the statutory undertaking responsible for the supply of water throughout the Council's district. From the reports below, for which I am indebted to their Chief Engineer Mr.W.A.Burrow, M.I. Mech., M.I.W.E., it will be readily be seen a wholesome supply has been given and it has been in sufficient quantity.

The amount of water supplied to Wivenhoe in the 12 months ended 31st December, 1967 amounted to 60.277 million gallons, an average daily consumption of 0.165 million gallons. The total quantity taken for domestic purposes during the year was 40,872 million gallons, an average daily consumption of 0.112 million gallons. The total amount taken through trade meters was 19,405 million gallons, an average daily consumption of 0.053 million gallons.

The total number of connections (domestic and trade) made in the year to the Company's mains in the Urban District, amounted to 69. Approximately 83 yards of new mains of 6" diameter have been laid in the Wivenhoe district during the year.

Bacteriological and Chemical Analyses

Queens Road Pumping Station - 21st November, 1967

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Colour | NIL | Albuminoid Nitrogen | 0.00 |
| pH. | 7.8 | Metals (iron) | 0.06 |
| Electric Conductivity | 1750 | Turbidity | NIL |
| Chlorine present as | | Odour | NIL |
| Chloride | 425 | Free Carbon Dioxide | 8 |
| Hardness. Total | 130 | Alkalinity as Calcium | |
| Carbonate | 130 | Carbonate | 290 |
| Non-Carbonate | 0 | Nitrate Nitrogen | ABSENT |
| Nitrate Nitrogen | 0.1 | Oxygen absorbed | 0.20 |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | 0.72 | Residual chlorine | 0.13 |

Bacteriological Results

| | 1 day at 37°C | 2 days at 37°C | 3 days at 20°C |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. of Colonies Developing on Agar | 0 per ml. | 0 per ml. | 0 per ml. |
| | Present in | Absent from | Probable No. |
| Presumptive Coli-aerogenes Reaction | 0 ml. | 100 ml. | 0 per ml. |
| Bact. Coli (type 1) | 0 ml. | 100 ml. | 0 per ml. |
| Cl. Welchii Reaction | 0 ml. | 100 ml. | |

Remarks. This sample is clear and bright in appearance, has a reaction on the alkaline side of neutrality and is free from metals apart from a very minute trace of iron. The hardness of the water is very moderate. The somewhat high content of mineral and saline constituents is typical of this source. The water conforms to the highest standard of organic quality and bacterial purity.

These results indicate a pure and wholesome water suitable for drinking and domestic uses. Its known content of flourine is however greater than the amount considered most desirable (from the aspect of causing mottled enamel). A slight taste due to the content of sodium chloride may be noticable to some consumers.

Dedham Pumping Station

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Colour | 4 | Turbidity | 2.0 |
| pH. | 7.6 | Odour | NIL |
| Electric Conductivity | 900 | Free Carbon Dioxide | 17 |
| Chlorine present as Chloride | 135 | Alkalinity as Calcium Carbonate | 270 |
| Hardness Total | 300 | Nitrate Nitrogen | ABSENT |
| Carbonate | 267 | Oxygen absorbed | 0.20 |
| Non-Carbonate | 33 | Residual chlorine | 0.15 |
| Nitrate Nitrogen | 0.30 | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | 0.30 | | |
| Albuminoid Nitrogen | 0.0 | | |
| Metals (iron) | 0.20 | | |

Bacteriological Results

| | 1 day at 37°C | 2 days at 37°c | 3 days at 20°C |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. of Colinies developing on Agar | 0 per ml. | 0 per ml. | 0 per ml. |
| | Present in | Absent from | Probabl No. |
| Presumptive Coli-aerogenes reaction | 0 ml. | 100 ml. | 0 per ml. |
| Bact. Coli (Type 1) | 0 ml. | 100 ml. | 0 per ml. |
| Cl. welchii Reaction | 0 ml.. | 100 ml. | |

Remarks. These samples are practically clear and bright in appearance, have a reaction on the alkaline side of neutrality and are free from metals apart from a minute trace of iron. The water is hard in character but its hardness and its content of mineral and saline constituents in solution are not excessive. It conforms to the highest standard of organic quality and bacterial purity.

These results are indicative of a water which is pure and wholesome in character and suitable for public supply purposes.

All samples were analysed by the Counties Public Health Laboratories.

At the end of the year the Water Company had commenced the construction of the 60,000 gallon capacity tank on the Water Tower Site, Tower Road, Wivenhoe.

2. Private Water Supplies. Bacterialogical samples were taken from eight provate wells, half of which proved unsatisfactory. All of the owners of sub-standard wells have agreed to connect to the nearby mains supply. At the end of the year one of the foregoing owner's property and two other properties supplied from their own wells have been connected to the mains supply.

3. Sewer and Sewerage. 53 new properties have been connected to the Wivenhoe Sewer and only 2 new properties to the Council's disposal works. The other central column of the filter bed distributors was also found defective and both this one and the one reported last year were renewed. A central retaining wall has been constructed in both filter beds around the central column which in keeping the clinker media away from the galvanised iron tanks should, it is hoped by the manufacturers, prolong the life of the tanks. It is appalling to know that certain large manufacturers of such vital existing equipment require five months to supply replacement parts. The filter arms on both distributors have been renewed but the quality of the effluent is far from satisfactory. The River Authority have agreed to allow me to try increasing the dosage rate of the filter beds which, I think can be done with perhaps an improvement in the quality of effluent.

Normal maintenance has been carried out to the plant at the Pumping Station. An improvement in the washing facilities has been obtained by replacing the electric kettle with a suitable electric water heater.

The drainage of Stages 2 and 3 Queens Road Estate has been further considered and both the Council and the Colchester Broough Council have agreed to the provision of a suitable pumping station and rising main which will discharge sewage into the Wivenhoe Sewer. A request has been received from the Tendring R.D.C. for properties in their area on the eastern side of Anglesea Road to drain into the Council's sewage system as difficulties are being experienced by them in the effective treatment of septic tank effluents in clay soil.. In view of the public health hazard the Council have submitted this request to the River Authority for sympathetic consideration.

4. Public Cleansing. The controlled tipping of refuse in the area started last year is proving very successful. The covering material removed from the site is in sufficient quatity and of a suitable standard. The Council considered a report sent out by the Harwich Constituency Labour Party on refuse disposal in N.E.Essex which was noted. This report was similar to the Working Party report from the Ministry. It clearly will be necessary for some combined action in the disposal of refuse as satisfactory tipping areas are very difficult to find. The Council's tip however, should be available for use for a good number of years within its present boundaries.

In advance of the requirement under the Civic Amenities Act 1967 the Council in July opened its refuse tip for ratepayers to dispose of any large refuse, including vehicles, on the first Saturday of each month between 10.a.m. to 12 noon. This service seems to be working very well

and is much appreciated by the public. A marked decrease in the amount of refuse left in the highway particularly along roadside hedges etc since July has been noticed.

A very small trial of paper sacks was operated for short time using the sacks as bin-liners. Those who used the sacks were generally pleased with them but the Council,due to financial restrictions,did not pursue the matter further. It was necessary to serve one formal notice for the provision of a proper dustbin which was complied with,but numerous informal letters have been sent especially on the new estates where people still try to use boxes,tea chests etc. However when the public health hazards and possible cause of accidents to the collectors are brought to the occupiers notice they soon provide a standard bin.

10 glass fibre and 2 concrete litter bins have been erected at vantage points within the district,these are emptied by the refuse collectors or street cleaner.

A meeting was called by Clacton U.D.C. of representatives from the district Council's in N.E.Essex,County Council,Harbour Authorities and fisheries officer to discuss oil pollution from the sea. This followed the Torrey Canyon disaster on the S.W.coat of England. The County representatives agreed to request their council to evolve a system of warning backed by a mobile labour force to assist the district council's labour force in treatment of oil slicks and polluted beaches.

6 tons of paper salvage were baled and sold to the Thames Board Mills, A new hand baler was purchased during the year.

5. Public Conveniences. Both toilet buildings in Alma Street and Playing Fields Car Park have been renovated including internal and external decorating. The urinal stalls in Alma Street have been treated with a polyurethene paint which will give them a temporary extension of hygenic usage,but this treatment of urinals is new and the length of time it will postpone the renewal of the stalls in therefore not known.

6. Petroleum Storage. As last year,there were only 4 licensed premises for the storage of petroleum and all were satisfactorily maintained.

7. Moveable Dwellings. The Council's policy under the Town and Country Planning Acts to prevent the stationing of moveable dwellings in the area has continued except for one special case where a temporary stay was permitted in connection with a factory development and the owner awaiting the completion of the building of his house.

8. Houseboats. The two houseboats previously registered under the Essex County Council Act 1952 by the Council have been taken to moorings on the river Blackwater. There are now no houseboats,within the meaning of this act,in the Council's district.

9. Council House Maintenance. The only item outside the usual routine programme during the year was an improvement to the heating system at Britannia Court. The feed tank was raised and a bigger circulating pump was fitted, both of which have assisted in as the elimination of isolated cooler areas within the building.

10. Housing. The rate of building slowed down from 74 dwellings in 1966 to 55 in 1967 due largely to the restriction on development for which outline planning permission had not been granted, because of lack of water supply, imposed by the Essex County Council in conjunction with the Tendring Waterworks Co. Only permission for twelve dwellings, for which outline consent had not already been given, were allowed for the year, this included Council proposals.

Corsellis House was occupied at the beginning of the year. The two blocks of teraced houses (6 three bedroom) 54 - 58 Rosabelle Avenue and 8 - 12 Parkwood Avenue were commenced and built up to the damp proof course, the value of the contract being just under £20,000. Permission to go out to tender for a further 2 blocks of teraced houses (2 four bedroom and 4 three bedroom) 57 - 61 Rosabelle Avenue and 2 - 6 Vanessa Drive, has been given by the Ministry to an approx value of £28,000.

Progress has continued with slum clearance as 7 dwellings (one more than last year) have been the subject of Closing Orders. Six Closing Orders have been rescinded as the properties were brought up to full Housing Act standard.

Approval was given to 13 applications (almost double last years total) for Standard Grants. £1,972 was paid to owner of 11 properties (similar to last year's total) for works completed, four of which were for the higher limit grant. Again a very small percentage of applications were for tenanted properties.

Again, as it has been since the inception of the returns required by the Ministry of Housing and Local Government, Survey of Gypsies at the end of March, a nill return was given.

11. New Buildings. 136 plans for new buildings or alterations were deposited, all of which were approved. This is a drop of well over 100 applications on last year, no doubt partly due to the County Planning Departments restrictions mentioned previously in this report. The operation of the Building Regulations has worked comparitively smoothly, as with all newly introduced legislation not only the general public but professions connected with the operation of the Regulations have been slow in acquainting themselves with the law.

The majority of the work at the University of Essex has been in the Colchester Borough Council's area. The Lecture Halls building is well under way and plans for a Chemistry Building Stage 1 Phase 1 and a link building adjoining have been approved.

12. Roads. To complete the Private Street Works in Tower Road another Contractor was called in. Although the work is completed ,the costings have not yet been finalised. Notices of intention to make up Queens Road have been posted at each end of the unmade section.

With the gift of land at the junction of Ernest Road and Belle Vue Road the area has been levelled and sown with grass. A seat,the gift from the 1966 Regatta has been set in the middle.

After almost 2 years discussion etc the County Council have kerbed the roundabout at Station Road/West Street and this Council provided the soil and has planted 50 rose trees.

The Car Park has been well used and after the base had settled the whole area was levelled,tar sprayed and gritted.

Plans for the proposed 'No Waiting Area' for roads below the Council Offices, after agreement with the police authorities were at the end of the year awaiting the County Council Special Powers Committee's approval.

The area at the junction of Anchor Hill and The Quay has been surfaced by the Council. Broomfield Estate and Broome Grove roads have been adopted.

Work has been carried out to most public footpaths and 14 directional signs have been erected to mark their routing. An informal meeting in September between Messrs. Gliksten and the Council discussed the existing and proposed development of their riverside land including the possibility of closure of the footpath along the old toll road.

Conversion of 100 watt tungsten to 80 watt M.B.F.U. lamps has continued slowly and 24 additional lights have been fitted. A survey of all lighting positions has been carried out with the Eastern Electricity Board. The County Council took over 3 road lighting schemes along County maintained roads on April 1st with the transfer of lighting duties but gave back to the Council delegated powers to operate them. Colchester Borough Council linked up the Council's lighting scheme in Colchester Road with theirs on the Clacton (A133) road.

13. Noise Abatement. One serious complaint under the Act was received concerning machinery at a refrigeration plant which is used in connection with the soft fruit harvest. An infringment of the Act was readily acknowledged by the plant owner and a report from their consultant was awaited at the end of the year, as their own maintenance and alterations had failed to abate the nuisance.

Efforts to ensure that all users of pneumatic drills etc within the Council district have their equipment properly muffled have continued and the use of muffles appeared to be more readily accepted as current practice.

14. Food. A mobile fish and chip van has caused some concern, in regard to vehicle, its garaging and the store for the foodstuffs. After many negotiations and just before legal proceedings were approved the business closed down.

In October, I attended a 3 day Poultry Inspection Course organised by the Ministry of Agriculture Fisheries and Food at Bury St.Edmunds, which proved most interesting and instructive. The need for inspection of poultry as well as beef, pork and sheep has for years been very much ignored but I am sure will prove beneficial both from the aspect of human and animal health.

70lbs of frozen haddock fillets which were unfit due to decomposition were surrended to the Council for their disposal.

One additional premise was registered for the Manufacture of sausages etc and one existing registered premise ceased to be a food shop.

15. Prevention of Damage by Pests Act. In common with adjoining authorities the incidence of rodent infestation dropped sharply to around the 1965 level. The number of wasp nests treated rose sharply to 23 from 3 last year which is well above those treated in 1965, which, it was thought at that time, to be very high. 5 swarms of bees were removed compared with none last year. The continued co-operation of a Colchester Bee Keeper enabled me to remove, rather than destroy the bees.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Properties inspected | 28 | Infested properties treated | 28 |
| Rat Infestation found | 27 | Block control treatment | - |
| Mice " " | 1 | Notices served under Section 4 | - |

16. Suspected Leptospiroicterohaemorrhagica. The death of a dog on a farm gave rise to suspicion that this disease was the cause. Investigations were made by me but were inconclusive as the vetinary surgeon had not taken the necessary laboratory tests. I contacted Dr.Turner of the Leptospira Reference Library, London school of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Gower St., London who was most helpful but without the laboratory tests or specimens was unable to confirm or deny the prognosis.

17. Offices Shop and Railway Premises Act. One retail shop and one office were added during the year to those registered in 1966 making an additional 7 persons stated to be employed. The total premises registered at the end of the year were 8 offices and 20 shops in which were employed 204 persons.

59 inspections were made after which 9 informal notices were served and 6 informal notices were abated. The main items of default included sanitary accomodation, lighting, disrepair of staircases, hot water supply and machine guards. One exemption was granted by the Council to the University of Essex temporary huts office accomodation regarding sanitary facilities within a reasonable distance of the office.

## Analysis of Inspection.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Allotments | 19 | Private Street Works | 32 |
| Bus Shelters | 17 | Public Conveniences | 50 |
| Car Park | 36 | Public Footpaths | 30 |
| Cemetery | 107 | Public Hall | 72 |
| Churchyard | 46 | Public Health Act | 314 |
| Council House Maint. | 993 | Quay Shelter and Seats | 18 |
| Drain Tests | 211 | Refuse | 286 |
| Factories | 26 | Roads | 592 |
| Food Premises | 16 | Salvage | 24 |
| Highways Act | 68 | Sewers | 400 |
| Houseboats | 4 | Street Cleansing | 146 |
| Housing Act | 111 | Street Lighting | 171 |
| Housing Applications | 4 | Town & C.P.Acts | 266 |
| Miscellaneous | 117 | Town Ditch | 10 |
| Moveable Dwellings | 11 | Water | 41 |
| New Buildings | 1,372 | Water Samples (Bact.) | 8 |
| Noise Abatement | 23 | Pest Act | 45 |
| Offices S.R.P. | 59 | Petroleum Acts | 14 |
| Outworkers | 6 | Playing Fields | 205 |
| Overcrowding | 1 | | |

## Notices Served.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Public Health Act | (formal) | Served | 1 |
| " " " | " | Abated | 1 |
| " " " | (informal) | Served | 34 |
| " " " | " | Abated | 36 |
| Housing Act | (formal) | Served | 14 |
| " " | " | Abated | 14 |
| Offices, Shops & Railway Premises Act | (informal) | Served | 13 |
| " " " " " " | " | Abated | 9 |
| Food & Drugs Act | (informal) | Served | 3 |
| " " " | (informal) | Abated | 3 |
| Highways Act | (formal) | Served | 2 |
| " " | (formal) | Abated | 2 |
| " " | (informal) | Served | 4 |
| " " | " | Abated | 4 |
| Prevention of Damage by Pests Act | (informal) | Served | 2 |
| " " " " " " | " | Abated | 2 |

Factories Act 1937 - 59. Routine inspections have been made during the year as follows:-

| | No. on Register | No of Inspections | Notices Served | Abated |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. Factories in which section 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities. | 3 | 3 | - | - |
| 2. Factories not included in 1, in which section 7 is enforced by the local Authority. | 13 | 20 | 1 | 1 |
| Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the local Authority (excluding outworks premises). | 5 | 3 | - | - |

Notifications were received of 4 outworkers (double last years total) in the district all of whom were employed in the clothing industry. The conditions in which these persons worked were satisfactory.

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE
LIBRARY
21 MAR 1969
AND TROPICAL MEDICINE